#### HITLER AS CHANCELLOR

- Feb 27<sup>th</sup> 1933, Reichstag burns down Nazis claim to find communists inside and blame it on them
- Nazis recall elections and win 43% of vote (not a majority like they wished), so pressure other legislature into voting with them, most famously in Enabling Act
- Hindenburg dies in 1934, instead of calling elections Nazis pressure Reichstag into appointing Hitler führer













Hitler centers most of his policies around this idea...

•What is it?

•What does it stem from?

•Why was it so prevalent in Europe at the time?

### NAZI PARTY AND RACISM

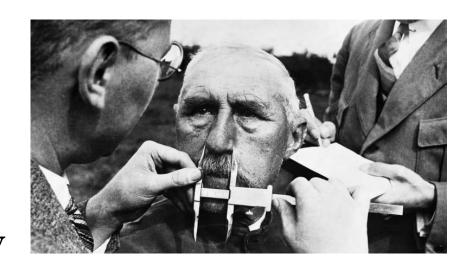
Answer the following questions in your notebooks using the excerpt from *Mein Kampf*:

- 1. How does Hitler describe the Aryan's? What is their role in society?
- a. What happens if the Aryans were to disappear? (p.263)
- 2. What does Hitler argue about Japanese culture? Why can't they fully compete with the Germans? (p. 264)
- 3. Why does Hitler argue that Aryans need "Inferior men"? (p. 264)
- 4. What arguments does Hitler make about racial mixing? Who is the Aryan's strongest contrast? (p. 265)



### HITLER'S RACIST IDEOLOGY

- Concept of "culture bearing" v. "culture creating"
- Jewish culture= Marxist, Evil, capitalist, overly sexual, "parasitic"- Calling for extermination
- Selective breeding- no "mixed marriages"
- **Eugenics** the science of improving a human population by controlled breeding to increase the occurrence of desirable heritable characteristics.
- Leads to the idea of ridding society of those deemed less desirable







# ALL OF THESE IDEAS...

Lead us to the 8 steps to Hitler's domination and ultimately to the Holocaust.

## HITLER'S ACTS AS CHANCELLOR- STEPS TO DOMINATION

- 1. Opens Dachau concentration camp leads to others
- 2. Book burning
- 3. Involvement of the people
- 4. Propaganda via Joseph Goebbels
- 5. Nuremberg laws against the Jews
- 6. Remilitarization of the Rhineland
- 7. Night of the Long Knives
- 8. Himmler and SS



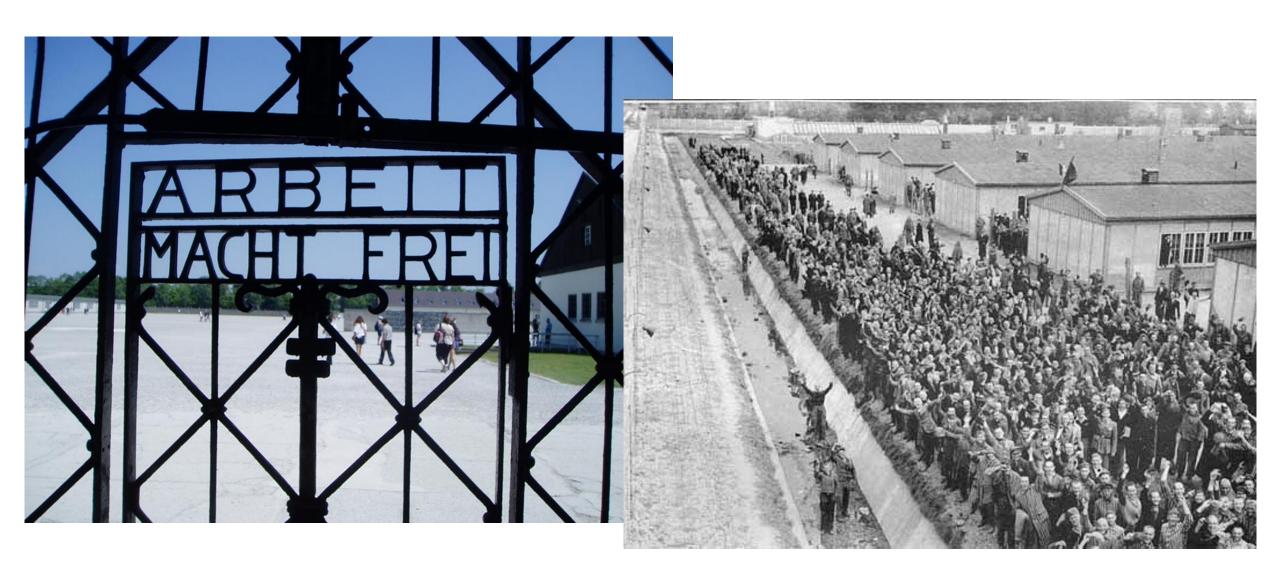


### THE USE OF CONCENTRATION CAMPS

- In Nazi Germany after 1933, and across Nazi controlled Europe between 1938 and 1945, concentration camps became a major way in which the Nazis imposed their control.
- The aim of the Nazi concentration camps was to contain prisoners in one place. - Reminiscent of US and reservations
- The administration of the camps had a distinct disregard for inmates' lives and health, and as a result, tens of thousands of people perished within the camps.
- The aim of the Nazi extermination camps was to murder and annihilate all races deemed 'degenerate': primarily Jews but also Roma, the disabled, homosexual, elderly, etc.



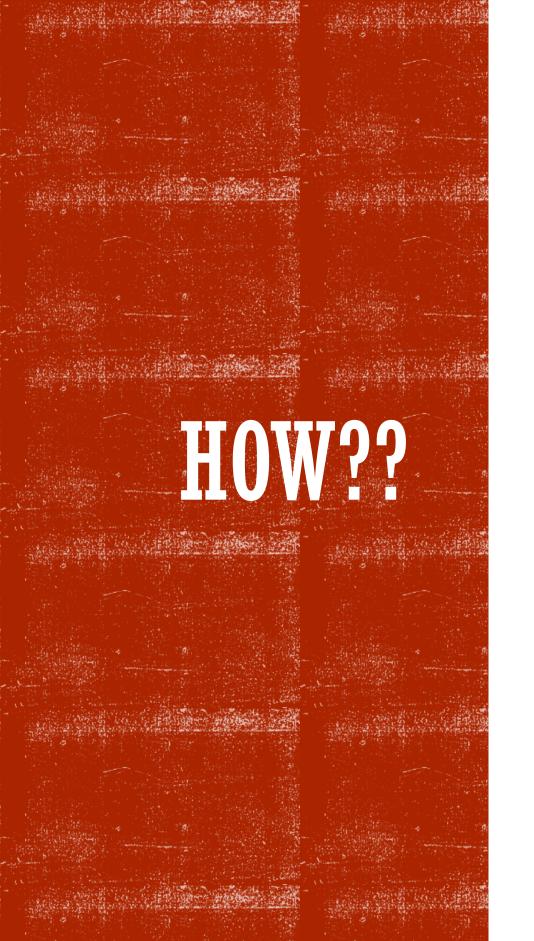
### 1. HITLER OPEN'S DACHAU











So we have the first stepinstillation of fear...

But how do you get an entire country (for the most part) to follow such racist, violent, ideology?